

### Exercise 1.1 Thermodynamics of a magnetic system

- a) Consider a long empty inductor of length  $l$ , cross-section surface  $F$  and number of turns  $N$  with a current  $I$  flowing. We now fill the solenoid uniformly with magnetic material. Show that the work done by the battery in the infinitesimal time interval  $dt$  is  $\delta W_B = \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{\mathcal{M}}$  where  $\vec{\mathcal{M}} = \Omega \vec{M}$  and  $\Omega = Fl$  is the volume of the magnetic material. Consequently, we have  $dU_B = \delta Q + \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{\mathcal{M}}$ .

*Hint:* Use Ampere's and Faraday's law.

- b) Consider a permanent magnet with a fixed magnetic field  $\vec{H}$ . Show that the work done by an external mechanical agency when a magnetic dipole  $\vec{\mathcal{M}}$  is displaced by  $d\vec{l}$  in the external magnetic field is  $\delta W_A = -\vec{\mathcal{M}} \cdot d\vec{H}$ . Consequently we have  $dU_A = \delta Q - \vec{\mathcal{M}} \cdot d\vec{H}$ .

- c) Consider a magnetic system as described in a) or b). Show that the following Maxwell relations hold:

$$\left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial \mathcal{M}} \right)_S = \left( \frac{\partial H}{\partial S} \right)_{\mathcal{M}}, \quad (1)$$

and

$$\left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial T} \right)_H = \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial H} \right)_T. \quad (2)$$

### Exercise 1.2 Ideal paramagnet

In this exercise we study the thermodynamics of an ideal classical paramagnet of unit volume specified by the thermal and the caloric equation of state:

$$M(T, H) = Nm \left[ \coth \left( \frac{mH}{k_B T} \right) - \frac{k_B T}{mH} \right], \quad (3)$$

$$U(T, H) = C_M T. \quad (4)$$

In the notation of the previous exercise  $U = U_A$  and  $dU = \delta Q + HdM$ .

- a) Find the curves of the reversible adiabatics and isotherms in the  $M$ - $H$  and in the  $M$ - $T$  diagram for the cases (i)  $mH \gg k_B T$  and (ii)  $mH \ll k_B T$ .

*Hint:* Use  $\coth(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{x}{3} + \dots$ .

- b) Construct a Carnot engine using the ideal paramagnet as an operating material between two reservoirs 1 and 2 of temperature  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ , respectively ( $T_1 > T_2$ ). Calculate the efficiency of the engine for the two cases (i) and (ii) in a).

- c) Calculate the entropy  $S(U, M)$  for the two cases (i) and (ii) in a).